

# Isocyanate Component A

### Compliant SDS for GHS - Canada WHMIS 2015 Compliant SDS for GHS – HCS 2012 United States

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking		
1.1 Product identifier		
Trade name	: A-Side Isocyanate Rubinate M Suprasec 5005	
Substance name	: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	
1.2 Relevant identified uses of the	e substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Use of the Substance/Mixture	: Component of a Polyurethane System.	
Uses advised against	<ul> <li>Professional use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning., Consumer spray applications., Consumer products requiring heating above 40°C.</li> </ul>	
1.3 Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet	
Company Address	: 870 Curé-Boivin : Boisbriand, QC J7G 2A7	
Telephone <del>Telefax</del>	: 866-437-0223 <del>:</del>	
E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS	: info@huntsmanbuilds.com	
1.4 Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone number	: EUROPE: +32 35 75 1234	

USA: +1 800 424 9300

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1	H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity, Category 2	H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2

## 2.2 Label elements

#### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	:	Danger	
Hazard statements	:	H315	Causes skin irritation.
		H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
		H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
		H332	Harmful if inhaled.
		H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
		H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
		H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
		H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	:	Prevention:	
		P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
		P260	Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
		P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
		P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing



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protection.

P304 + P340 + P312IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh<br/>air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call<br/>a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel<br/>unwell.P308 + P313IF exposed or concerned: Get medical<br/>advice/ attention.

#### **Additional Labelling:**

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

**Response:** 

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Substance name	: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester
CAS-No.	: 9016-87-9
EC-No.	: Polymer

#### Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
	EC-No.	
Isocyanic acid,	9016-87-9	>= 90 - <= 100
polymethylenepolyphenylen	Polymer	
e ester		

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Do Ge	ove out of dangerous area. o not leave the victim unattended. et medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. ow this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Protection of first-aiders	sui It r mo If p Pe Fir	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without itable training. may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give buth-to-mouth resuscitation. botential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific rsonal protective equipment. st Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection d use the recommended protective clothing

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If inhaled	<ul> <li>If breathed in, move person into fresh air. Call a physician or poison control centre imme Keep patient warm and at rest. Keep respiratory tract clear. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer respiration. If unconscious, place in recovery position and advice. Consult a physician immediately if symptoms shortness of breath or asthma are observed. A hyper-reactive response to even minimal co- diisocyanates may develop in sensitised pers The exposed person may need to be kept und surveillance for 48 hours. LC50 (rat) : ca. 490 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (4 hours) : using e produced respirable aerosol having aerodyna &lt;5microns. Methods used to generate the exposure conc animal studies use extreme laboratory conditi not represent actual exposure conditions of th workplace, storage, transportation or expecte market due to the very low vapor pressure. T test results cannot be used to for hazard class material. Rather, an acute toxicity estimate is based on weight of evidence and expert judge used to justify a modified classification for acu- toxicity.</li> </ul>	artificial seek medical such as oncentrations of ons. der medical xperimentally mic diameter entrations in the ons and does e material in the d use on the herefore, these sification of the calculated ement and is
In case of skin contact	<ul> <li>In case of contact, immediately flush skin with of water.</li> <li>Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately flush contaminated clothing before reuse.</li> <li>Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.</li> <li>Call a physician if irritation develops or persistion of the study has demonstrated that a polyging cleanser (such as D-Tam™, PEG-400) or corrithmed that soap and water.</li> </ul>	nediately. s. ycol-based skin
In case of eye contact	<ul> <li>Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also u for at least 15 minutes.</li> <li>If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.</li> <li>Protect unharmed eye.</li> <li>Keep eye wide open while rinsing.</li> <li>Seek medical advice.</li> </ul>	nder the eyelids,
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth w DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to d physician or poison control center.</li> <li>Keep respiratory tract clear.</li> <li>Keep at rest.</li> <li>If a person vomits when lying on his back, pla recovery position.</li> <li>Never give anything by mouth to an unconscioned</li> </ul>	o so by a ce him in the



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	Take victim immediately to hospital. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
4.2 Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms :	Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchiospasm and anaphylactic shock
Risks :	This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser: repeated inhalation of vapour or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation. Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness of chest and difficulty in breathing. The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for several hours after exposure. A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of MDI may develop in sensitised persons.
4.3 Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed
Treatment :	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.
	The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.
SECTION 5: Firefighting measu	res
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media :	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder
Unsuitable extinguishing : media	Water may be used if no other available and then in copious quantities. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the influence of heat. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of

be vigorous.



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being formed.

No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters		Wear an approved positive pressure self contained brothing
Special protective equipment for firefighters		Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
Further information	:	<ul> <li>Standard procedure for chemical fires.</li> <li>Due to reaction with water producing CO2-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are re-sealed.</li> <li>Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.</li> <li>Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.</li> <li>Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.</li> </ul>

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Personal precautions	<ul> <li>Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials.</li> <li>Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. For additional precautions and advice on safe handling, see section 7. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. Make sure that there is a sufficient amount of neutralizing/ absorbent material near the storage area. The danger areas must be delimited and identified using relevant warning and safety signs. Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal considerations". For disposal considerations see section 13.</li> </ul>



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#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.
		Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.
		Prevent product from entering drains.
		Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
		Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages
		cannot be contained.
		If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform
		respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	<ul> <li>Clean-up methods - small spillage Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal. Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant. The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in Section 16. Remove and dispose of residues. Clean-up methods - large spillage If the product is in its solid form: Spilled MDI flakes should be picked up carefully. The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining dust particles completely. If the product is in its liquid form: Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Leave to react for at least 30 minutes. Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination. Wash the spillage area with water. Test atmosphere for MDI vapour. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.</li> </ul>
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#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8., For disposal considerations see section 13., The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling			
Technical measures	:	Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.	
Local/Total ventilation	:	Use only with adequate ventilation.	
Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Avoid formation of aerosol. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.	



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		Do not breathe vapours/dust. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Keep container closed when not in use. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning can release hazardous primary aromatic amines (>0.1%)
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Normal measures for preventive fire protection.
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, i	ncl	uding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well- ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers. Observe label precautions. Protect from moisture. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Advice on common storage	:	For incompatible materials please refer to Section 10 of this SDS.
Further information on storage stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	:	No data available

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment	
Eye protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Chemical splash goggles. Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded. Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Hand protection	
Remarks	Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.
	Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), Polychloroprene (Neoprene*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Fluoroelastomer (Viton*).
	When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.
	When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to : other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. By industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning : Butyl rubber (0.7mm), Nitrile rubber (0.4mm), Chloroprene (0.5mm)



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	Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place. Recommended: Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C', Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.
Respiratory protection :	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. In emergency, non-routine and unknown exposure situations, including confined space entries, a NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air supply, should be used.
Protective measures :	Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are located close to the working place.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	: liquid
Colour	: brown, clear
Odour	: slight, musty
Odour Threshold	: No data is available on the product itself.
рН	: substance/mixture reacts with water
Melting point	: 5 °C Method: Melting / Freezing Temperature
Boiling point	: No data is available on the product itself.
Flash point	: 230 °C Method: closed cup
Evaporation rate	: No data is available on the product itself.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data is available on the product itself.
Burning rate	: No data is available on the product itself.



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Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Vapour pressure	:	0,00031 Pa (20 °C) Method: Vapour Pressure
Relative vapour density	:	8,5 Method: see user defined free text
Relative density	:	1,23 (20 °C)
Density	:	1,23 g/cm3 (25 °C)
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Decomposition temperature	:	No data is available on the product itself.
Viscosity Viscosity, dynamic	:	195 mPa.s (25 °C)
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 Other information		
Self-ignition	:	> 600 °C Method: Auto-Ignition Temperature (Liquids and Gases)

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### **10.2 Chemical stability**

Hazardous reactions

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

:	Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO2-gas.
	Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen
	groups.

The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can



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		be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. MDI is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the bottom but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	:	Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	:	Acids Amines

Bases Metals water

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of being formed.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Acute oral toxicity - Product	: LD50 (Rat, male): > 10 000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity - Product	<ul> <li>Assessment: The substance/mixture is not toxic on inhalation as defined by dangerous goods regulations. Remarks: Methods used to generate the exposure concentrations in the animal studies use extreme laboratory conditions and does not represent actual exposure conditions of the material in the workplace, storage, transportation or expected use on the market due to the very low vapor pressure. Therefore, these test results cannot be used to for hazard classification of the material. Rather, an acute toxicity estimate is calculated based on weight of evidence and expert judgement and is used to justify a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity.</li> <li>LC50 (Rat, male and female): 0,49 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.</li> </ul>



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Acute dermal toxicity -	: LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9 400 mg/kg
Product	Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (other routes of : No data available administration)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

#### Product:

Species: Rabbit Assessment: Irritating to skin. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404 Result: Skin irritation

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

#### Product:

Species: Rabbit Assessment: Mild eye irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 405 Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Product:

Exposure routes: Skin Species: Guinea pig Method: OECD Test Guideline 406 Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract Species: Rat Result: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

Assessment:	May cause an allergic skin reaction., May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Germ cell mutagenicity	
Product:	
Genotoxicity in vitro	: Concentration: 200 ug/plate Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

#### Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Application Route: Inhalation
		Result: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

**Result: negative** 

Application Route: Inhalation

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.13/14



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Exposure time: 3 Weeks Dose: 113 mg/m3 Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

#### Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity-Assessment : Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### Product:

Remarks: Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol of polymeric MDI which resulted in a chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumour of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumour (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumours at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3. Overall, the tumour incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumours were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumours is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumour formation will occur.

Remarks: Industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning can release hazardous primary aromatic amines (>0.1%)

Based on animal studies, primary aromatic amines are considered as potential carcinogen to humans. Some of those chemicals are proven carcinogens to humans

Provided the recommended personal protective equipment and hygiene measures are applied, no adverse effects to human health are to be expected

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 24 month(s) Dose: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Frequency of Treatment: 5 daily Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: positive

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 24 month(s) Dose: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> Frequency of Treatment: 5 daily Method: OECD Test Guideline 453 Result: positive

#### Components:

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester: Carcinogenicity - : Suspected human carcinogens Assessment

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#### Reproductive toxicity

Product:	
Effects on fertility	: Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported
Product:	
Effects on foetal development	: Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation
development	General Toxicity Maternal: 4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects
Product:	
Reproductive toxicity -	: No toxicity to reproduction
Assessment	No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility, or on development, based on animal experiments.

#### STOT - single exposure

#### Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### STOT - repeated exposure

#### Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation Target Organs: Respiratory Tract Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### Repeated dose toxicity

#### Product:

Species: Rat, male and female NOEC: 0,2 Exposure time: 17 520 hNumber of exposures: 5 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Repeated dose toxicity - : No data available Assessment

#### Aspiration toxicity

No data available

#### Experience with human exposure

General Information: No data available



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Inhalation:	No data available
Skin contact:	No data available
Eye contact:	No data available
Ingestion:	No data available
<b>Toxicology, Metabolis</b> No data available	sm, Distribution
<b>Neurological effects</b> No data available	

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product:		
Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
		LC0 : > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 640 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

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Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: >= 10 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea) Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Toxicity to microorganisms	: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 209
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	: EC50: > 1 000 mg/kg Exposure time: 336 h Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207
Components:	
Isocyanic acid, polymethylene	olyphenylene ester:
Toxicity to fish	<ul> <li>LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): &gt; 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 203</li> </ul>
	LC0 : > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	<ul> <li>EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): &gt; 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 202</li> </ul>
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	<ul> <li>EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): &gt; 1 640 mg/l</li> <li>Exposure time: 72 h</li> <li>Test Type: static test</li> <li>Test substance: Fresh water</li> <li>Method: OECD Test Guideline 201</li> </ul>
Toxicity to microorganisms	<ul> <li>EC50 (activated sludge): &gt; 100 mg/l Exposure time: 3 h Test Type: static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 209</li> </ul>
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	: NOEC: >= 10 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)



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	Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	<ul> <li>EC50: &gt; 1 000 mg/kg</li> <li>Exposure time: 336 h</li> <li>Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)</li> <li>Method: OECD Test Guideline 207</li> </ul>
12.2 Persistence and degradability	ty
Product:	
Biodegradability	<ul> <li>Inoculum: Domestic sewage Concentration: 30 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)</li> </ul>
Components:	
Isocyanic acid, polymethylener	polyphenylene ester:
Biodegradability	<ul> <li>Inoculum: Domestic sewage Concentration: 30 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)</li> </ul>
Stability in water	<ul> <li>Degradation half life (DT50): 0,8 d (25 °C)</li> <li>Method: No information available.</li> <li>Remarks: Fresh water</li> </ul>
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential	
Product:	
Bioaccumulation	: Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
Components: Isocyanic acid, polymethylener Bioaccumulation	colyphenylene ester: : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp) Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.
<b>12.4 Mobility in soil</b> No data available	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB as	sessment
Product:	
Assessment	: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or

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very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	:	Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Send to a licensed waste management company.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### RID

Not regulated as a dangerous good

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)	: Not applicable
REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).	: This product does not contain substances of very high concern (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).
REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII)	: Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

HUNTSMAN BUILDING SOLUTIONS

### **Isocyanate Component A**

Number on list 3 Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric (Number on list 56) 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 56) 2,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (Number on list 56)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. Not applicable

Occupational Illnesses (R- : 62 461-3, France)

#### Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:		
DSL	: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL	
AICS	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
NZIoC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
ENCS	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
KECI	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
PICCS	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
IECSC	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
TCSI	: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory	
TSCA	: All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory	

Inventories

HUNTSMAN

### **Isocyanate Component A**

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), ENCS (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIOC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (United States of America (USA))

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance. Product falls under the EU-polymer definition.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Further information	
Other information :	Liquid decontaminants (percentages by weight or volume) : Decontaminant 1 : *- sodium carbonate : 5 - 10 % *- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 % Decontaminant 2 : *- concentrated ammonia solution : 3 - 8 % *- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 % Decontaminant 1 reacts slower with diisocyanates but is more environmentally friendly than decontaminant 2. Decontaminant 2 contains ammonia. Ammonia presents health hazards. (See supplier safety information.)
History	
Prepared by :	Huntsman Building Solutions Preparation date (2021/07/27)

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Current Issue Date (2021/07/28)

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